

The Adaptation at Altitude Knowledge Network



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft Confederation suisse Confederazione Svizzera Confederazion svizra

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC

Rosie Witton and Kate Williamson

19th September 2023



Agenda:

Welcome

Introduction to the Adaptation at Altitude Knowledge Network (5 minutes)

Project showcase and Q&A (45 minutes)

- Participative, ecohydrological monitoring and integral, community territory management in Cusco
- Adaptation at Altitude: From knowledge management to strengthening governance and adaptive capacities across the Andes
- MOVING (MOuntain Valorisation through INterconnectedness and Green growth)

AOB (5 minutes)

How to get involved (5 minutes)

What is the Adaptation at Altitude (A@A) programme?

- A collaborative programme launched and co-supported by the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC).
- The Adaptation at Altitude programme seeks to **increase the resilience and adaptive capacity of mountain communities and ecosystems** to climate change by:
 - Improving the knowledge of appropriate climate change adaptation strategies in the mountains
 - Transferring that knowledge through science—policy platforms to inform decision-making in national, regional and global policy processes

The Adaptation at Altitude Knowledge Network!

A **global community** through which we can share experiences and knowledge on adaptation in the mountains and collaborate to accelerate the uptake of innovative solutions. It aims to:

- Encourage communication between stakeholders working on and experiencing climate change adaptation in mountainous regions across the globe.
- Support the sharing of successful solutions for adaptation in mountains.
- Foster the translation and uptake of solutions for use in other locations.



ADAPTATION AT ALTITUDE



Showcasing your work!



Jan R. Baiker - "Participative, ecohydrological monitoring and integral, community territory management in Cusco (Peru)"



Luis Daniel Llambí - "Adaptation at Altitude: From knowledge management to strengthening governance and adaptive capacities across the Andes"



Mar Delgado – MOVING (MOuntain Valorisation through INterconnectedness and Green growth)





CONNECTING KNOWLEDGES, BUILDING RESILIENCE Community and Ecosystem-based Adaptation in high Andean Pastoralist Systems

The case of the Chillca community (Pitumarca, Canchis, Cusco)







Dina Farfan Flores & Jan R. Baiker

Emails: dinafarfan.acemaa@gmail.com, jbaiker@gmail.com

<u>Collaborators:</u> Nilton Montoya Jara and Oscar Ladrón de Guevara Rodríguez (UNSAAC), Juan Carlos Benavides Duque (Pontificia Universidad Javeriana, Bogotá)





GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION



image7242655, https://www.atecusco.com/mapas_y_planos.php









THE SOCIO-ECOSYSTEM



POPULATION:

- 180 families
- Organizational system: Assemblies and traditional communal committees
- Productive system: Camelid grazing (mainly)

TERRITORY:

- Registration item in public records: N° 11001632
- Total area: aprox. 25'000 hectares
- Microbasins: 15
- Glacier area: 2'600 hectares
- Springs: 28
- Lakes and lagoons: 2800 hectares
- Altitude: 4200 m.a.s.l. (Chillca village)





CONNECTING KNOWLEDGE, BUILDING RESILIENCE

Vision:

Co-construction of knowledge, technologies and capacities to develop responses (solutions) to local problems, through the generation of spaces for the encounter of community institutions, academics, civil society and the State.

General objective:

Promote self-management and analysis of quantitative and qualitative information in mountain communities, which allows the development of adaptation strategies based on local, high-resolution data.







CO-DESIGN, CO-CONSTRUCTION (INSTRUMENTALIZATION ETC.), CO-PRODUCTION OF KNOWLEDGE AND FEEDBACK LOOPS

Community-based Adaptation - CbA

A process led by communities, based on their needs, priorities, knowledge and capabilities, which should lead to their empowerment in planning and responding to the impacts of climate change.

Source: Reid et al. (2009:13)

Ecosystem-based Adaptation - EbA

Ecosystem-based Adaptation is a strategy for adapting to climate change that harnesses nature-based solutions and ecosystem services

Source: UNEP, https://www.unep.org/exploretopics/climate-action/what-we-do/climateadaptation/ecosystem-based-adaptation

Cycles

They allow us:

- to reflect about the results and their utility
- to consider feedback
- to actively incorpórate new actors/stakeholder

They can be determined by:

- nature
- the productive systems
- sociocultural norms







14 ECOHYDROLOGICAL STATIONS (Sistema de Monitoreo Ecohidrológico Participativo – SMEHP Chillca)

• Appropriation of the monitoring system through **joint work**.

SMEHP semi-automatic

- Achieve a real coconstruction of knowledge through the design and adjustments of instrumentalization.
- Facilitate joint

 analysis of data
 achieved through
 participation in all
 stages of the system
 implementation.
 It is not replicated, it
 is built together, thanks
 to feedback from local
 experience and

knowledge.







SMEHP SEMI-AUTOMATIC – MANUAL MEASUREMENTS AND ULTRASONIC SENSORS





Foto: riverlabs





Fotos: ACEMAA





SMEHP SEMI-AUTOMATIC – CONSTRUCTION OF TOTALISATORS (PLUVIOMETERS)



Fotos: ACEMAA





IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ECOHYDROLOGICAL MONITORING STATIONS













EVALUATION OF PEAT AND VEGETATION







CONSTRUCTION OF CAPACITIES (TRAINING) FOR THE MONITORING







WATER SOWING & HARVESTING INTERVENTIONS AND ECOSYSTEM MANAGEMENT

















SCIENTIFIC STATION AND RURAL SCHOOL OF THE SMEHP CHILLCA (inaugurated on December 8th 2022)



Fotos: ACEMAA





CURRENT STRATEGIES AND LINES OF WORK

- Internalization of sustainable ecosystem management in alpaca value chains (fibre, meat) through the Responsible Alpaca Standard (RAS) certification
- Payment for Ecosystem
 Services (Mecanismo de
 Retribución por Servicios
 Ecosistémicos MERESE)
- **Carbon credits** (counting for carbon stocks in high Andean ecosystems: bofedales wetlands etc.)







SMEHP CHILLCA - PARTICIPATORY ECOHYDROLOGICAL MONITORING SYSTEM

COLLABORATING INSTITUTIONS



Comunidad Campesina Chillca



Escuela Profesional de Agronomía UNSAAC



Programa de Pequeñas Donaciones del Fondo Para el Medio Ambiente Mundial



Facultad de Estudios Rurales y Ambientales









email: info@acemaa.org, web: https://acemaa.org/

Facebook: "Acemaa – Conservación y Estudio de Montañas Andinas Amazónicas" Linkedin: "ACEMAA Perú"





CONNECTING KNOWLEDGES, BUILDING RESILIENCE Community and Ecosystem-based Adaptation in high Andean Pastoralist Systems The case of the Chillca community (Pitumarca, Canchis, Cusco, Peru)

Contact ACEMAA:

info@acemaa.org

Dina Farfan Flores (Executive Director): dinafarfan.acemaa@gmail.com

Jan R. Baiker (Project Coordinator): jbaiker@gmail.com

Web: https://acemaa.org/

Facebook: "Acemaa – Conservación y Estudio de Montañas Andinas Amazónicas"

Linkedin: "ACEMAA Perú"



Foto: ACEMA





Adaptation at Altitude:

from knowledge management to strengthening governance and adaptive capacities across the Andes

Luis Daniel Llambí

luis.llambi@condesan.org









https://adaptacion-alturas.condesan.org/

Zonas de montaña Vulnerabilidad al cambio Lush-Himala climático y vulnerabilidad ۲ al cambio climático Andes orienta Anne Lentes: Versk Maplecroft, Indice de Vunerabilidad al Cambio Climático 2017 C Zol Environment Network 2020 UN 🙆 CONDESAN Consorcio para el Desarrollo Sostenible de la Ecorregión Andine ICIMOD Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft environment Confédération suisse programme Confederazione Svizzera R E S E A R C H Confederaziun svizra Swiss Agency for Development SEI Stockholm Environment Institute and Cooperation SDC UNIVERSITÉ **DE GENÈVE**

2019-2023





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Agencia Suiza para el Desarrollo y la Cooperación COSUDE

Problems Addressed by the Program

KNOWLEDGE	GOVERNANCE	MONITORING	DIALOG
Knowledge Gaps: impacts of CC, socio-ecosystem vulnerability, adaptation solutions	Week governance frameworks for CC adaptation at a regional scale	Institutional and financial weaknesses form monitoring of CC impacts and CC adaptation	Lack of regional spaces for science- policy dialog and capacity building



Science-Policy Dialog and Communication

Transdisciplinary and socio-ecological approach





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Main Products and Achievements

Knowledge synthesis for CC adaptation: + 20 products Strengthening integrated monitoring in 7 countries and 2 long-term learning sites Strengthened governance of the AMI: 7 countries, +10 international events Experience Exchange and Capacity Building: 13 spaces; 6 courses: + 3.000 participants

Knowledge

Monitoring



Exchange



https://adaptacion-alturas.condesan.org/

ADAPTACIÓN EN

QUIÉNES SOMOS | QUÉ HACEMOS | PRODUCTOS | NOVEDADES | CON QUIÉN TRABAJAMOS | ENG Q

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Taking Action in the Mountains

A collaborative programme for climate change adaptation in the Andes

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Knowledge Synthesis for CC Adaptation

- Knowledge Gaps for CC Adaptation in the Andes (Llambí y Garcés 2021)
- State of the Art of CC Adaptation Policies in the Andes: approaches for multi-scale adaptation and knowledge dialog (Dupuits et al. 2022)
- State of the art and **agenda for integrated monitoring in the Andes** (IER, Carilla et al. 2023)













Knowledge Synthesis for CC Adaptation

- EbA Solutions in Andean Rural Landscapes
 - ✓ 18 case studies in the Northern and Central Andes
 - ✓ Shared in the weADAPT A@A Solutions Portal

https://adaptationataltitude.org/solutions-portal

- Platform of Socio-Ecological Indicators for the Andes
 - ✓ 20 indicators:
 - Climate
 - Biodiversity and conservation
 - Land use
 - Human development/population, macro-economic patterns

https://indicadores-andinos.condesan.org/

Scales	Ecosystem Types	Solution Types	Sectors	Impacts Addressed	
Select option(s) *	Select option(s) *	Select option(s) *	Select option(s) *	Select option(s) *	
Sale Charles		Martin Street			
A TAKE CH		the state of the s			
POR DO			unidad de Mixteque	Autor the second	
Detailed solution		Detailed solution		iled solution	
- Detailed Solution		Detailed Soldaon			
RECONVERSION OF C	CONVENTIONAL N	IANAGEMENT AND CONSER	VATION CLIMATE	CLIMATE-SMART LIVESTOCK	
PRODUCTION SYSTE	MS TO O	F WETLANDS AND PARAMO	S IN PRODUC	CTION IN ECUADOR: CLIMATE	
TRADITIONAL - AGRO	DECOLOGICAL V	ENEZUELA: SUCCESSFUL	CHANGE	ADAPTATION FOR SMALL	
SYSTEMS, WITH EMP	HASIS ON IN SITU E	XPERIENCES OF ADAPTATIC	N TO AND ME	DIUM-SIZED LIVESTOCK	
CONSERVATION OF A	NDEAN TUBERS C	LIMATE CHANGE IN THE MIX	TEQUE - PRODUC	ERS, WITH SPECIAL FOCUS	
AS A CLIMATE CHANG	GE ADAPTATION N	IÉRIDA PARAMO	ON THE	IMBABURA AND LOJA	
STRATEGY FOR SMAL	L PRODUCERS IN	nplemented in the community	of PROVIN	CES	
BOYACÁ-COLOMBIA	N	lixtegue, in the municipality o	f Rangel, The Clim	ate-Smart Livestock Productio	
Implemented in the de	partment of the	ne solutions described here	project (GCI by its spanish acronym) in	
Boyacá, Colombia, sin	ce approximately	vere promoted by local commu	inities and Ecuador	was implemented from 2010 to	
2000, this solution aim	to preserve and the the test of te	neir organizations and were in	tended to 2020 at v	various locations in the north of	
promote the cultivation	n and consumption	nprove the management and	the Ande	an region. Its aim was to reduc	
of tubers through loca	l traditional c	onservation strategies of wetl	ands and the clima	te vulnerability of the livestock	
	-11	•			





Consolidation of Regional Governance



- Strengthening of the Andean Mountain Initiative:
 - ✓ Consolidation of Work-groups:
 - Governance
 - 5 year Action Plan (2022-2026)
 - Regional CC Vulnerability Analysis (Adaptation Fund)
 - ✓ Support for participation/incidence in global decision making spaces: e.g. COP-26 -27-28;
 Learning Visit to the Alpine Convention and Carpathian Convention (2023)
 - ✓ Communication strategy: web page, social media campaigns (https://iam-andes.org/)







VULNERABILIDAD Y ADAPTACIÓN AL CAMBIO CLIMÁTICO EN ZONAS DE ALTA MONTAÑA DE LA REGIÓN ANDINA Síntesis regional

https://iam-andes.org/



WELCOME THE ANDEAN MOUNTAIN INITIATIVE

Mountains unite us

The Andean Mountain Initiative is a platform formed by the seven countries that share a common territory: the Andes. Argentina, Bolivia, Colombia, Chile, Ecuador, Peru and Venezuela, on a voluntary basis, seek to strengthen the regional dialogue with the purpose of promoting and undertaking joint actions aimed at the conservation and sustainable development of the Andean mountains.



Experience Exchange and Capacity Building

- ✓ Implementation of IPROMO Latino América 2021 and 2023 (Mountain Partnership-CONDESAN)
- ✓ Development of the Community of Practice Adaptation in the Andes (UNEP-Practical Action-CONDESAN)
- Regional Dialogs on Sustainable Mountain Development in the Andes (Sep-Oct-Nov 2021)
- ✓ International on-line Conference Bridges in the Andes (Dec 2021).







Some key lessons...

- Importance of an Andean continental perspective: diversity of socioenvironmental and institutional contexts, challenges and opportunities
- Need for more transdisciplinary, integrated and participatory approaches for research and monitoring (specially of CC adaptation): explicit integration into decision making
- Remaining challenges in understanding and monitoring the interactions between CC and Land Use Change and their combined impacts on ecosystem services and human welfare
- Need to articulate governance and CC adaptation policies at local, national and regional levels and foster more effective dialog between scales and actors
- Need for strengthening institutional and financial sustainability of regional governance and monitoring platforms and of more effective articulation of academia, civil society and decision making.
- Importance of inter-regional dialog between global mountain platforms for cross-learning and developing a common voice for mountains







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A@A Team



Support:



- Karen Price Policy
- Saskia Flores Capacity Building
- Alejandra Melfo Knowlege managment
- Ana Carolina Benítez Comunication
- Rafael Rodríguez Comunication

- María Argüello,
 Directora Ejecutiva
- Manuel Peralvo, Coordinador Proyecto NDT Ecuador



Vulnerability and adaptation capacity in 23 European Mountain Regions

Mar Delgado, Emilia Schmitt (UCO)

19/09/2023

Adaptation at high Altitude Network



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Key-objectives of MOVING

Identifying the socio-ecological factors that will shape the future of mountain value chains by 2050

Setting up a European community of stakeholders to foster the exchange of knowledge and experiences

Supporting policy design that enhances the resilience of mountain regions through new or upgraded value chains

Building capacities of mountain regions and their stakeholders to enhance resilience to climate change





Who we are!





- A consortium of 23 expert partners (research centres, rural developers, industry representatives, and innovation agents)
- 23 reference regions in 16 countries
 - 1. Sierra Morena 2. Northern Apennines 3. Swiss Alps 4. Sumava - Cesky Les 5. Slovak Carpathian mountains 6. Southern Romanian Carpathian mountains 18. Eastern Alps 7. Stara Planina 8. Cordilheira central 9. Highlands and Islands 10. Corsica

 - 11. Austrian Alps

- 13. Central Apennines
- 14. Swiss Jura
- 15. Drome Valley
- 16. Dinaric mountains
- 17. Maleshevski Mountains
- 19. Spanish Pyrenees
- 20. Macico Noroeste
- 21. Beydaglari
- 22. Betic Systems
- 23. Transdanubian Mountains



Research related to climate change



- 1. Examine Drivers of Change: Assess various factors impacting 23 land-use systems in European mountain regions linked to value chains.
- 2. Stakeholder Perspectives: collect stakeholders' views on the exposure and trends of environmental drivers affecting vulnerability in mountain land use and value chains.
- 3. Visual Vulnerability Analysis: Provide geographical vulnerability assessment tools.
- 4. Adaptation Mechanisms: Gather and evaluate the adaptive measures at different levels, according to participant views.
- 5. Capacity Building: Facilitate participatory research within regions and across clusters at the EU level.



Method: vulnerability of land use systems



- 1. Participatory definition of reference variable, drivers and components
- 2. Participatory evaluation of trends, exposure and importance
- 3. Participatory collection of adaptation mechanisms
- 4. Vulnerability assessment in different scenarios of adaptation
- 5. Selection of the 2 main vulnerability factors
- 6. Mapping of vulnerability with scenarios on the two factors



Results



• Ranking, trend and sensitivity for all areas



Vulnerability Assessment



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- The most important drivers of vulnerability were climate-related, especially rainfall and temperature.
- Non-climatic drivers showed great variability in terms of their importance across regions, especially regarding overexploitation, and land use and land cover change.
- All drivers showed an increase in magnitude over the last 20 years as perceived by stakeholders in the 23 MRLs studied, with climate factors generally showing a greater increase in magnitude than other types

Adaptive capacity



- A total of **160 adaptation mechanisms** were identified.
- Most of the proposed mechanisms showed high social and environmental feasibility, while technical and economic feasibility was mostly identified as moderate
- Non-climate drivers would be most effectively reduced by the adaptation mechanisms identified.
- Very few mechanisms appear to be able to fully reduce the vulnerability of drivers of change, suggesting that a well-balanced combination of adaptation mechanisms may be the most appropriate approach.

Planned work for 2023/2024



- Benchmarking: Cluster analysis on how the value chains perform and adapt to challenges
- Foresight exercises and scenario modelling at the European level
- Stakeholder workshop to validate results and build capacities in November 2023
- Repertoire of strategic options
- Policy Roadmap
- End of Project September 2024







Thank you!

Twitter: <u>@MOVINGH2020</u> https://www.moving-h2020.eu



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AOB:

• Mark your calendars: The Adaptation at Altitude Knowledge Network will be hosting its first learning event on the 28th November...more details to follow!

Get involved!

1. Climate Change Adaptation in Mountains theme on weADAPT

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► Join the Theme *Climate Change Adaptation in Mountains*

Join to share content with Network Members.

Unsubscribe from Theme



Join the discussion Discuss this Theme w

Discuss this Theme with the experts on the Forum

weADAPT

ntains

Go

Skip to category:	Mountair	Communities Biodiversity & Ecosystem Ser	vices
Water Stress And	Hazards	Data And Knowledge For CCA In Mountains	Agriculture In Mou

2. A@A Solutions Portal

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Adaptation at Altitude Solutions Portal

Welcome to the Adaptation at Altitude Solutions Portal (A@A-SP)! This portal allows you to explore tried and tested climate change adaptation solutions for mountain regions, see where they have been implemented, and by who. Use the filters and search option below to explore the solutions, or find solutions in your area of interest using the map (coming soon!).

Read more









SUSTAINABLE WATERSHED MANAGEMENT IN GLACIAL MOUNTAIN ECOSYSTEMS IN PERU The Glaciares+ project was led by

ASSESSING THE ECONOMIC IMPACTS OF DISASTERS ALONG KEY TRANSPORT CORRIDORS: TAJIKISTAN This World Bank and Global Facility for RENEWING THE FLOW OF WATER IN MIRESHELLI, AZERBAIJAN This project was part of the "Integrated Rural Development for internally

