

Lessons Learned: "Designing and Implementing Transboundary Adaptation in Mountains"









Rosie Witton and Kate Williamson



Agenda:

Welcome

Introduction to transboundary climate risks - Katy Harris, SEI & Adaptation Without Borders

Panel discussion and Q&A

- Mandira Singh Shrestha, Senior Water Resources Specialist at ICIMOD
- Cristina Dengel, Knowledge Management Team Lead at the Adaptation Fund
- Marc Prohom, Head of Climatology at the Meteorological Service of Catalonia

Closing and AOB

Transboundary climate risks occur when an impact from climate change in one country generates risks to people in another.

Risks propagate through dependencies between countries -



Through biophysical systems – when climate change disrupts the flow of transboundary rivers and aquifers, or exacerbates regional air pollution, or affects shared ecosystems and natural resources



Through flows of people – when climate change influences patterns of migration and displacement between countries



Through trade and supply chains or financial investments – when climate change damages infrastructure projects, the production or distribution of goods, services and critical raw materials, or alters remittances and financial flows



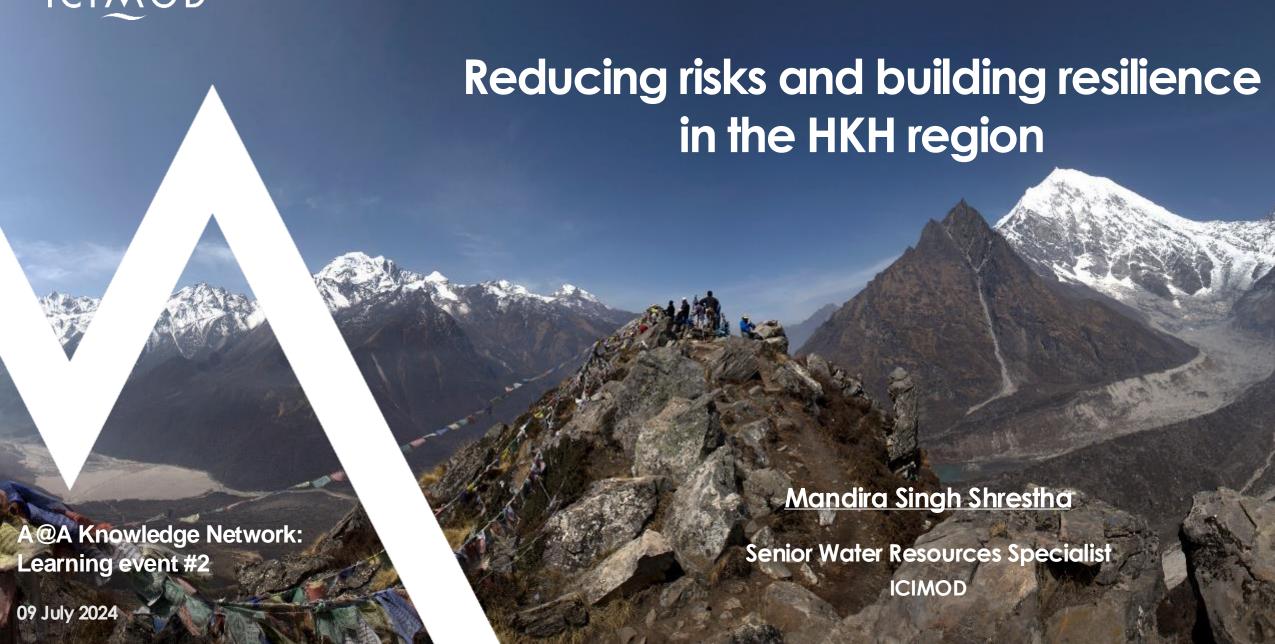
Increasing food and water insecurity, threatening trade and energy supplies, risking jobs and livelihoods, escalating geopolitical instability, spurring social inequality, and undermining social and economic development





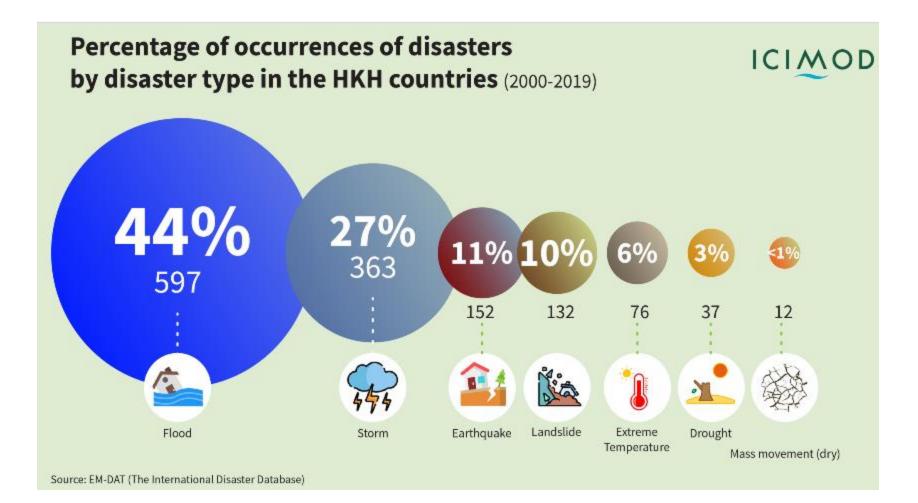
What role does transboundary adaptation play in your own work and why do you consider it to be important?





Hindu Kush Himalayan region is a hot spot for disasters

More than one-third of disasters are floods



More than 1 billion people are at risk of exposure to increasing frequency and intensity of natural hazards



Transboundary disasters



Bhote Koshi GLOF: 2016GLOF in TAR, China. Major impact d/s in Nepal

GLOF in TAR, China Major impact was in Nepal https://www.hydroreview.com/world-regions/surviving-three-natural-disasters-lessons-learned-at-upper-bhote-koshi-in-nepal/#gref



Koshi Floods: 2008 Impacted more than 3 million people in India



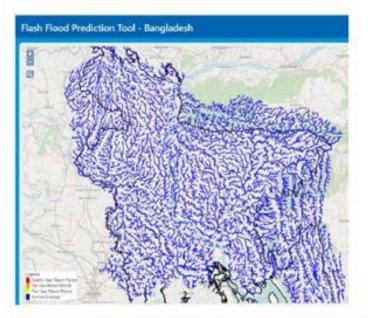
Predicting short term high impact weather events

High Impact Weather Assessment Tool (Hi-WAT): ensemble based modelling

54-hour lead time

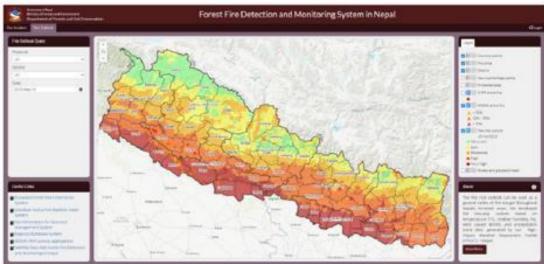
Rainfall, temperature, lightning strikes, winds, hail

Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal and Pakistan



Flash Flood Prediction Tool developed using HIWAT

2 days lead time HIWAT rainfall Localized flood

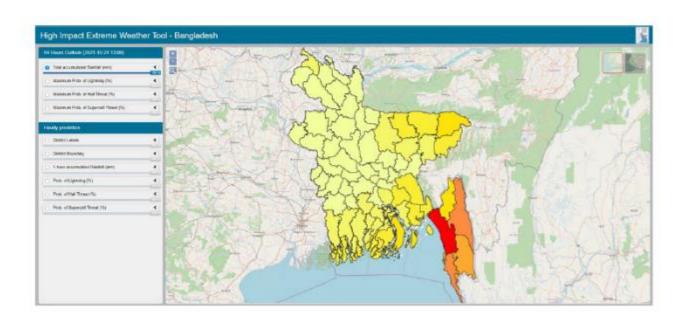


Fire weather index based on HIWAT for two days' outlook on areas with high fire risks



Customized applications to reaching out to communities

Web applications with simple user interfaces for easy understanding of information – HIWAT in Nepal and Bangladesh



Prakop Alert a mobile app developed on user demand (Red Cross, Start Network) to provide weather and flood forecast information generated from HIWAT System in Nepal

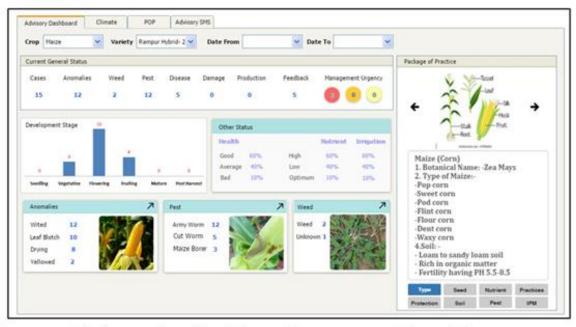








Mobile app for field based reporting by the Ag extension staff



Agro-met information Dashboard to support Ag advisory process



Key messages

- Increase in intensity and frequency of extreme events many of which are transboundary;
- Technology, innovation and use of climate services in EWS minimize adverse impacts, accelerate climate action and build resilience of mountain communities;
- Capacity building, stakeholder engagement and sharing best practices support climate change adaptation at local and transboundary levels.



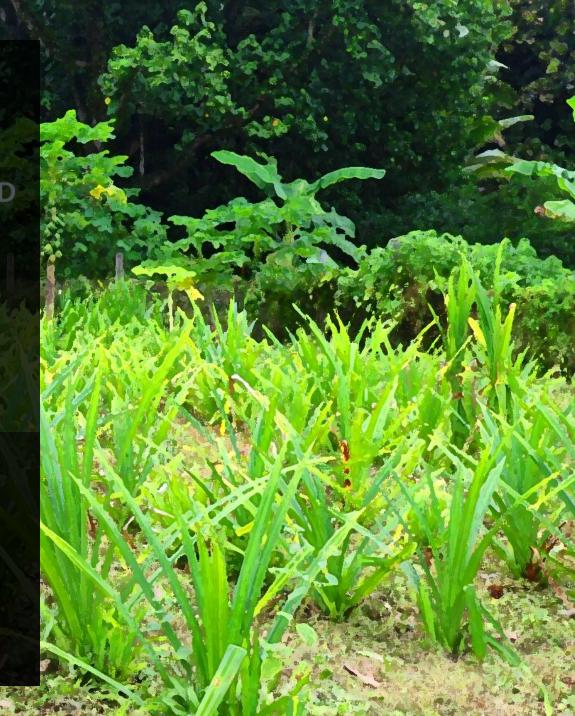




Adaptation Fund - Lessons learned on transboundary adaptation

Adaptation@Altitude
July 9, 2024

Cristina Dengel – Knowledge Management Team Lead Adaptation Fund Board Secretariat





Adaptation Fund at a Glance



Only global UN fund created to fund concrete adaptation projects, in most climate-vulnerable developing countries



Pioneered innovative 'Direct Access' climate finance modality



As urgency of climate change has risen, it has grown rapidly to \$1Billion funding today





AF portfolio – Regional distribution to date



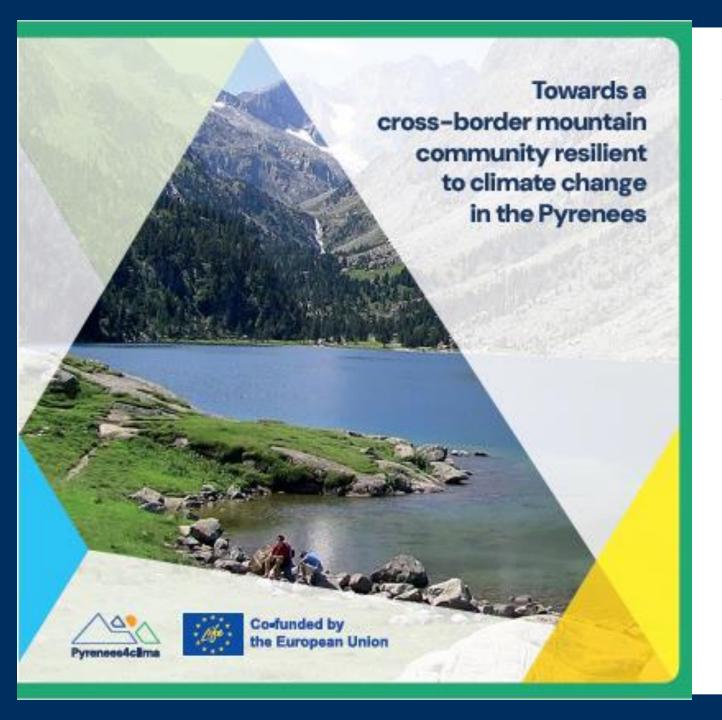
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AF regional window – Access modality

- ☐ Pilot programme introduced in 2015 with at cap of \$30 million Up (AFB.25/28)
- ☐ to \$14 million and \$100k PPG for regional project (2+ countries)
- ☐ Implemented by MIE or RIE and endorsement by each DA of participating countries
- □ Concrete adaptation actions in multiple sectors including Transboundary Water Management, Enabling Environment, water security, Nature-Based Solutions, EBA, etc.
- ☐ Total of US\$151M under the regional window, or 20% total portfolio
- ☐ Funding on the basis of the **full cost of adaptation** (No co-financing required, addressing adaptation needs and co-benefits if any, no BAU)
- Environmental, socio-economic benefits especially for the most vulnerable and gender considerations

Why is transboundary adaptation important?

- ☐ Possibility of tackling climate challenges across borders due to common climate risks across borders
- Opportunity of fostering a culture of regional coordination and shared learning
- ☐ Where common languages across nations/borders, communities more readily enabled to share experiences and knowledge of climate impacts and solutions
- ☐ Increasing capacity of entities at regional level or basin-level authorities
- ☐ Increased cost-effectiveness
- ☐ Cooperation through knowledge-sharing and learning across scales



Lessons learned: Designing and implementing transboundary adaptation in mountains

9th July 2024

Pyrenean Climate Change Strategy

Marc Prohom

Meteorological Service of Catalonia
marc.prohom@gencat.cat













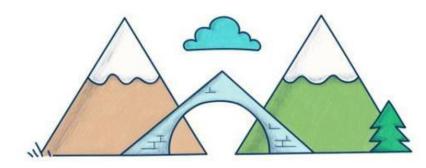




Bio-Region PYRÉNÉES – Network Governance







Total inhabitants of the Pyrenees Mountain Range: 2.625.190 people

Total Surface ot the cross-border Pyrenean área;

41.876 Km2



Características: territorio de montaña v territorio transfronte

















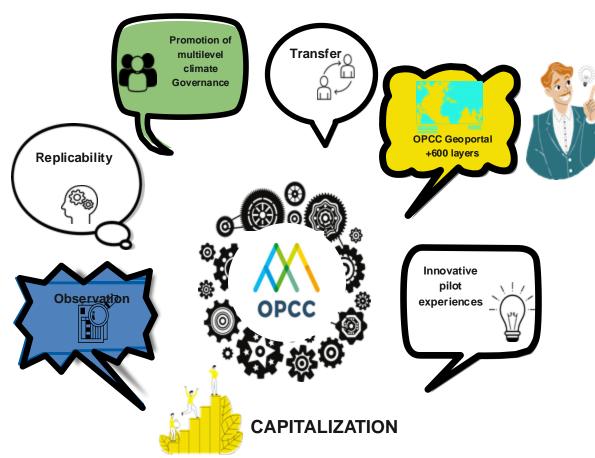




The Observatory (OPCC) produces common



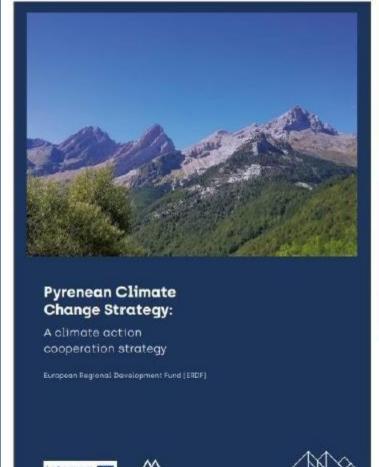
instruments



- Providing knowledge about climate change impacts and vulnerabilities in the Pyrenees.
- Promoting innovation and capitalize successful experiences.
- Creating demonstrative experience and generates alliances in the territory.
- Supporting transfer and replicability, and decision-making in adaptation policies within the CTP territory.
- Improving the visibility of the Pyrenees across Europe and internationally.

Pathways: Systemic and holistic approach to climate change: vision 2050 and Roadmap 2030

















- Multidisciplinarity
- Integrated
- Interconnected
- 72 actions
- Around 5 systems:
 Climate
 Resilient ecosystems
 Adapted mountain
 economy
 Population and
 territory, and





Governance





Implementation of the Operational Plan EPiCC 2030

UMBRELLA PROJECT





CATALYST

"Accelerator, tractor, unifier of efforts"

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m09PbnFiL9I&feature=youtu.be













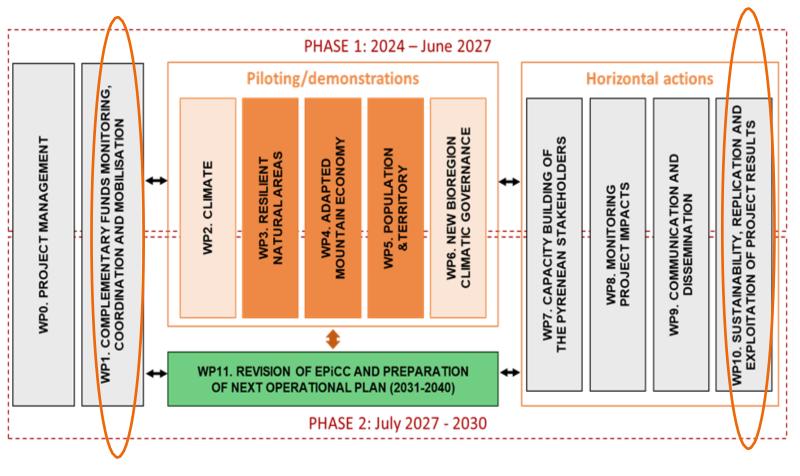




General Vision

54 Entities





- 7 regional administration partners (6 territories and CTP)
- 33 specialized beneficiary partners
- 6 affiliated entities
- 8 associated entities (AND)
- Invesment: 20M€ in 7,5 years (2023-2031)

12 WP 34 Task 117 Subtask







AOB:

 Join us for our next A@A Knowledge Network meeting in September/October – more details to follow!

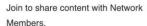
 Sign up to the Adaptation at Altitude website to share content and stay up-to-date: https://adaptationataltitude.org/

Get involved!

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Water Stress And Hazards Data And Knowledge For CCA In Mountains Agriculture In Mountains

2. A@A
Solutions Portal

